## Message Text

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 01 COPENH 03331 01 OF 02 122244Z

64

**ACTION EUR-12** 

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 SSO-00 NSCE-00 USIE-00 INRE-00 CIAE-00

DODE-00 PM-04 H-02 INR-07 L-03 NSAE-00 NSC-05 PA-02

PRS-01 SP-02 SS-15 SAJ-01 ACDA-10 OMB-01 TRSE-00 /066 W

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O 122150Z NOV 75

FM AMEMBASSY COPENHAGEN

TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 1777

UNCLAS SECTION 1 OF 2 COPENHAGEN 3331

**REF: COPENHAGEN 3328** 

E.O. 11652: N/A

TAG: PFOR, DA, NATO

SUBJECT: MAJOR POLICY STATEMENT BY FOREIGN MINISTER K.B. ANDERSEN IN

BERLINGSKE TIDENDE

1. FULL TEXT OF STATEMENT FOLLOWS:

"IS IT NAIVE TO PURSUE A POLICY OF DETENT?"

IT IS HARDLY REMARKABLE THAT MANY PEOPLE ASK THE QUESTION: WHAT IS ACTUALLY THE REASON BEHIND THE FACT THAT DENMARK IS PLAYING SUCH AN ACTIVE PART IN THE POLICY OF DETENTE BETWEEN EAST AND WEST? DOES THIS WHOLE DETENTE POLICY NOT REST ON AN ILLUSION?

IT IS NOT DIFFICULT TO PERCEIVE THE BACKGROUND FOR SUCH QUESTIONS. TIME AFTER TIME IN RECENT YEARS AND EVEN UP TO THEPRESENT TIME, WE HAVE HEARD ONE STATEMENT AFTER ANOTHER CONCERNING INCREASED ARMAMENTS ANDMILITARY ACTIVITY IN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE OTHER EASTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES.

THE NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN EAST AND WEST IN VIENNA ON MUTUAL FORCE REDUCTIONS HAVE NOW BEEN UNDERWAY FOR NARLY TWO YEARS, APPARENTLY WITHOUT HAVING PRODUCED ANY RESULTS.

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PAGE 02 COPENH 03331 01 OF 02 122244Z

THE SOVIET UNION AND THE EASTERN EUROPEAN COUNTRIES WERE

AMONG THE 35 COUNTRIES WHICH THIS SUMMER IN HELSINKI SIGNED THE CONCLUDING DOCUMENT ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE. THIS DOCUMENT

CONTAINS IMPORTANT PROVISIONS ON FREER CONTACTS ACROSS BORDERS, BUT IT HAS BEEN CLAIMED THAT TO DATE - DESPITE THE BEST OF INTENTIONS - THERE IS VERY LITTLE THAT INDICATES THAT THE EASTERN SIDE INTENDS TO LIVE UP TO THE WORDS OF THE DOCUMENT. IT IS AGAINST THIS BACKGROUND THAT WE ANSWER THE QUESTION AS TO WHETHER OR NOT THE DANISH POLICY OF DETENTE IS NOT NAIVE.

IF AN ATTEMPT IS TO BE MADE TO ANSWERA QUESTION CONCERNING THE CHARACTER OF DETENTE POLICY, IT MUST BE SAID AT THE VERY START THAT THE ANSWER IS MADE MORE DIFFICULT BY THE FACT THAT THE EASTERN COUNTRIES ARE DICTATORSHIPS. THIS MEANS THAT THEY ARE COUNTRIES WITHOUT FREE TELEVISION, RADIO OR PRESS, WITHOUT A LEGAL OPPOSITON, WITHOUT ANY REAL POSSIBILITY OF PUBLIC CONTROL OF, NOT TO SPEAK OF CRITICISM OF, THE ACTIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT. THIS MEANS THAT IT IS DIFFICULT TO ANALYZE THE POLICY OF THE EASTERN COUNTRIES.

ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS, WHICH CAN FORM THE ANSWER TO THE QUESTION AS TO WHAT
IS REALISTIC IN DETENTE POLICY.
THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT IN THE SOVIET UNION AND THE
OTHER EASTERN COUNTRIES - ALTHOUGH IN VARYING DEGREESTHERE IS A REAL NEED TO HAVE FUNDS TRANSFERRED FROM
ENORMOUS ARMAMENTS BURDENS TO CIVILIAN PURPOSES.
THE POSSIBLITY OF IMPROVING DAILY LIVING
CONDITIONS OF THE ORDINARY POPULATION MORE QUICKLY IS,
CONSEQUENTLY, ONE OF THE FACTORS WHICH CAN INSPIRE
CONFIDENCE IN THE SINCEREITY BEHIND THE EASTERN DESIRE
TO ACHIEVE DETENTE, FORCE REDUCTIONS AND LOWER
MILITARY EXPENDITURES, INSTEAD OF MAINTAINING THE
COSTLY ARMAMENTS OF RECENT YEARS.

NEVERTHELESS, AN ATTEMPT SHOULD BE MADE TO POINT OUT THE

TO THIS MUST BE ADDED THE SOBER OBSERATION THAT THE NEXT MAJOR WAR WILL DISTINGUISH ITSELF FROM ALL FORMER WARS BY THE FACT UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 03 COPENH 03331 01 OF 02 122244Z

## THAT

IT WILL LEAVE NO VICTOR, BUT A DESTROYED WORLD. AND LAST BUT NOT LEAST IS THE ARGUMENT IS FAVOR OF THE DIALOGUE WHICH IN RECENT YEARS HAS TAKEN PLACE AND INCREASINGLY TAKES PLACE BETWEEN THE TWO SUPER-POWERS, THE USA AND THE USSR.

IN CONNECTION WITH DELIBERATIONS ON ARMAMENTS IN EASTERN COUNTRIES, IT SHOULD OF

COURSE NOT BE OVERLOOKED THAT THE EASTERN COUNTRIES,
AS WELL AS ALL OTHER COUNTRIES, HAVE THEIR LEGITIMATE SECURITY
CONSIDERATIONS. KEEPING IN MIND THE ENORMOUS SUFFERING TO
WHICH THE SOVIET UNIONWAS EXPOSED DURING THE ADVANCE OF THE
NAZI TROOPS IN WORLD WAR II, ONE UNDERSTANDS HOW
IMPORTANT IT IS FOR THE
SOVIET UNION TO PROTECT ITSELF AGAINST FUTURE INVASIONS OF
SIMILAR CHARACTER.

NEVERTHELESS, IT IS DIFFICULT TO UNDERSTAND THAT THE SOVIET UNION DOES NOT SEEM TO HAVE A GREATER INTEREST IN ACHIEVING RESULTS INTHE FORCE REDUCTION DISCUSSIONS IN VIENNA.

REGARDING THE CONFERENCE ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE ONE MAY ASK: WHY WAS THE SOVIET UNION SO EAGER TO HAVE THIS CONFERENCE STARTED AND TO GET RESULTS FROM IT THIS SUMMER? IT IS RATHER OBVIOUS THAT THE INTEREST OF THE SOVIET UNION CHANGED CHARACTERDURING THEYEARS OF NEGOTIATIONS. WHILE THE

SOVIET UNION ORIGINALLY SAW IT AS A SUBSITUTE FOR THE

ACTUAL PEACE AGREEMENT AFTER WORLD

WAR II. WHICH STILL HAS NOT COME. AND

AS A MEANS OF PAVING THE WAY FOR BETTER COOPERATION WITH

WESTERN COUNTRIES IN ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL

FIELDS, THE SITUATION CHANGED RATHER FUNDAMENTALLY IN THE

YEARS FROM THE BEGINNING OF THE

NEGOTIATONS IN 1972 TO THE HELSINKI CONFERENCE IN 1975.

IN THE FIRST PLACE, TALKS BEGAN IN SO MANY WAYS BETWEEN

EAST AND WEST ON ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL COOPERATION - AMONG

OTHER THINGS BECAUSE SUCH COOPERATION WAS ALSO IN GREAT

MEASURE IN THE INTEREST OF THE WESTERN COUNTRIES - THAT IT WAS

UNNECESSARY FOR THE SOVIET UNION TO CONTINUE THE NEGOTIATIONS

TO REACH RESULTS

UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 04 COPENH 03331 01 OF 02 122244Z

WITHING THESE FIELDS.

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PAGE 01 COPENH 03331 02 OF 02 130149Z

64

## **ACTION EUR-12**

INFO OCT-01 ISO-00 SSO-00 NSCE-00 USIE-00 INRE-00 CIAE-00

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O 122150Z NOV 75 FM AMEMBASSY COPENHAGEN TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 1778

UNCLAS SECTION 2 OF 2 COPENHAGEN 3331

IN THE SECOND PLACE, IT IS TRUE THAT THE SOVIET UNION SUCCEEDED IN HAVING THE PRINCIPLE OF THE INVIOLABILITY OF THE BORDERS CONFIRMED, BUT IT HAD TO ACCEPT THE PROVISION ON THE POSSIBILITY OF PEACEFUL BORDER REVISIONS.

IN THE THIRD PLACE, THERE IS NO DOUBT THAT IT WAS A SURPRISE FOR THE SOVIET UNION THAT THE WESTERN COUNTRIES SUCCEEDED IN IMPLEMENTING A NUMBER OF RATHER CONCRET PROVISIONS ON FREER CONTACTS ACROSS THE BORDERS, IN THE FIELD OF INFORMATION AS WELL AS PEOPLE. THUS, THE HELSINKI DOCUMENT CANNOT IN ITSELF BE TAKEN AS AN EXPRESSION OF A SPECIAL DETENTE EFFORT ONTHE PART OF THE EASTERN SIDE. ONLY THE READINESS OF THE SOVIET UNION AND THE OTHER EASTERN COUNTRIES TO TRANSLATE THE HELSINKI DOCUMENT INTO EVERYDAY PRACTICAL REALITY IN COMING YEARS, CAN DEMONSTRATE THE DEGREE ZEAL IN ACHIEVING DETENTE.

WHAT THEN IS DENMARK'S POSITION ON DETENTE POLICY, AS SEEN AGAINST THE OUTLINED BACKGROUND?

WHEN IT HAS BEEN POSSIBLE FOR DENMARK TO PLAY A VERY ACTIVE ROLE IN THE DETENTE POLICY OF RECENT YEARS, - APART FROM THE NATURAL DESIRE TO PURSUE SUCH A POLICY, IT IS PRIMARILY BECAUSE DENMARK IS A MEMBER OF NATO AND THE EC. SECURITY POLICY HAS BEEN A DECISIVE PREREQUISITE FOR THE DIALOGUE WHICH HAS BEEN STARTED BETWEEN EAST AND WEST. WITHOUT THE UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 02 COPENH 03331 02 OF 02 130149Z

STRENGTH AND SECURITY WHICH THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE HAS MEANT AND MEANS FOR

THE WEST EUROPEAN COUNTRIES, THE NEGOTIATIONS ON THE HELSINKI DOCUMENT, OR CONCERNING FORCE REDUCTIONS IN VIENNA, WOULD HARDLY HAVE GOTTEN STARTED.

BEYOND THIS THE ATLANTIC ALLIANCE HAS MADE IT POSSIBLE FOR THE NATO COUNTRIES TO ACHIEVE THE BENEFITS WHICH A LONG PEACEFUL

DEVELOPMENT SINCE WORLD WAR II HAS MEANT. ALSO THE NEUTRAL STATES-AS -FREE-LOADERS - HAVE BEEN ABLE TO PROTECT THEIR SEUCITY THROUGH THE WESTERNDEFENSE COOPERATION. THE VERY CREDIBILITY WHICH ONLY THE PRESENCE OF AMERICAN TROOPS IN ERUOPE GIVES TO THE EUROPEAN DEFENSE MAKES ALL TALK OF A DEFENSE RELATED TO THE EC MEANINGLESS.

FOR DENMARK A POLICY OF DETENTE, THEREFORE, CANNOT MEAN A WEAKENING OF DEFENSES. THE LONG TERM AIM MUST NATURALLY BE TO CREATE CONDITIONS FOR A DEVELOPMENT WHICH WOULD MAKE NATO AS WELL AS THE WARSAW PACT SUPERFLUOUS. BUT AFTER ALL THIS IS NOT RIGHT AROUND THE CORNER.

AND ONE THING IS OBVIOUS: SUCH A DEVELOPMENT IS NOT PROMOTED THROUGH ONE SIDED WEAKENING OF THE WESTERN POSITION.

ACTIVE DANISH PARTICIPATION IN NEGOTIATIONS ON SECURITY AND COOPERATION IN EUROPE IS ALSO PART OF A REALISTIC FOREIGN POLICY. IF EFFORTS TO CREATE A BETTER EAST-WEST CLIMATE ARE TO SUCCEED, IT MUST BE IMPORTANT TO CONTRIBUTE TO ALL REALISTIC STEPS WHICH CAN SERVE TO BREAK DOWN ARTIFICIAL BARRIERSTHROUGH EUROPE.

DENMARK PROPOSEED AT THE LAST NORIDC FOREIGN MINISTERS MEETING THAT A FOLLOW-UP OF THE SECURITY-AND COOPERATION CONFERENCE BE A PERMANENT POINT ON THE AGENDA OF COMING NORIDC MEETINGS. WE WILL WORK ON THIS FOLLOW-UP UNDER EC AUSPICES. AND INSOFAR AS THE DANISH PROPOSAL IS CONCERNED. THE USA HAS RECOMMENDED TO NATO'S POLITICAL COMMITTEE THAT IT DEAL WITH THE PARTS OF THE HELSINKI DOCUMENT WHICH FALL NATURALLY WITHIN NATO'S FIELD OF ACTIVITY. IN THE MINISTRY OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS WE ARE PREPARING TO ORGANIZE A SPECICAL WORKING GROUP, WHICH HAS THE FOLLOW-UP OF THE HELSINKI UNCLASSIFIED

UNCLASSIFIED

PAGE 03 COPENH 03331 02 OF 02 130149Z

PROTOCOL AS ITS ONLY FUNCTION.

HOWEVER, IT IS ALSO IMPORTANT TO EMPHASIZE THAT THE HELSINKI DOCUMENT MUST NOT BE USED FOR PERPETUAL NEEDLEPRICKS IN RELATION TO THE EASTERN COUNTRIES. THIS WOULD DESTROY THE POSSIBLIITY THAT THE HELSINKI AGREEMENT CAN REALLY BECOME AN INSTRUMENT IN THE SERVICE OF PEACE AND DETENTE. OBVIOUSLY, EASTERN COUNTRIES AS WELL AS WESTERN ONES ARE OBLIGATED BY THEIR SIGNATURES, BUT THE DOCUMENT IS TOO IMPORTANT AS A LINK IN POSTWAR POLICY TO BE USED FOR EVERYDAY POLEMICS.

ALSO DENMARK'S ACTIVE PARTICIPATION IN FOREIGN POLICY DISCUSSUION AMONG THE NINE EC GOVERNMENTS IS IMPORTANT AS SEEN FROM A DETENTE POLICY VIEWPOINT.

IT IS NOT WRONG TO STATE THAT THE EC COUNTRIES THROUGH THIS VERY CONTRIBUTION

HAVE CONTRIBUTED DECISEVLY TO THE SUCCESSFUL COURSE
OF THE HELSINKI CONFERENCE. FOREIGN POLICY COOPERATION AMONG
EC COUNTRIES MUST ALSO BE THE NATURAL FORUM IN WHICH
TO DISCUSS THE POLITICAL CONSEQUENCES OF THE VIENNA NEGOTIATIONS,;
MEANING HOW

THE FORCE REDUCTIONS - IF THEY SHOULD MATERIALIZE ONE DAY-INFLUENCE DETENTE AND DISARMAMENTSIN EUROPE.

APART FROM PARTICIPATION IN INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION EFFECTS. IT MUST ALSO BE NATURAL FOR DANISH FOREIGN POLICY TO CONTINUE THE BILATERAL DIALGOUE WITH THE EASTERN COUNTRIES, WHICH WAS STARTED BY THE DANES, PROBABLY AS THE FIRST OF THE NATO COUNTRIES, IN THE MIDDLE 60'S. THIS DOES NOT MEAN THAT WE ACCEPT DICTATORSHIP AS A FORM OF GOVERNMENT. BUT WE TAKE COGNIZANCE OF THE FACT THAT THE COUNTRIES WHICH HAVE THE SAME FORM OF GOVERNMENT AS WE DO, WILL NOT EXCEED ABOUT 25. WE CANNOT LIMIT OUR INTERNATIONAL CONTACTS TO THESE COUNTRIES. WHEN WE REACTED STRONGLY TOWARDS THE GREEK JUNTA GOVERNMENT. THE FASCIST GOVERNMENT IN PORTUGAL AND NOW RECENTLY IN CONNECTION WITH EVENTS IN SPAIN. IT MUST BE SEEN AGAINST THE BACKGROUND THAT THESE COUNTRIES BELONG IN THE WESTERN FAMILY OF NATIONS, AND THAT THE CONDITIONS WE HAVE OPPOSED AND STILL OPPOSE REGARDING SPAIN ARE AN OBSTACLE TO ECONOMIC AND SECURITY COOPERATION IN WESTERN EUROPE.

UNCLASSIFIED

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PAGE 04 COPENH 03331 02 OF 02 130149Z

THEREFORE, THERE IS GOOD SENSE IN THE SECURITY POLICY WE PURSUE, AS IT CONTRIBUTES TO AN OPEN DIALOGUE ON DETENTE.

THERE IS GOOD SENSE IN ATTEMPTING TO BREAK DOWN ARITIFICAL BARRIERS THROUGH THE HELSINKI DOCUMEMNT - WITHOUT ANY ILLUSIONS OF CHANGING THE WORLD FROM ONE WEEK TO THE NEXT.

THERE IS GOOD SENSE IN STRENGTHENING OUR OWN FOREIGN POLICY POSSIBLITIES, ALSO WITH A VIEW TO DETENTE, THROUGH PARTICIPATION

IN FOREIGN POLICY COOPERATION IN THE EC.

AND THERE IS GOOD SENSE IN MAINTAINING AND EXPANDING BILATERAL CONTACTS WITH THE NEIGHBORING COUNTRIES IN THE EAST.

AND FINALLY, AS THE QUITE DECISIVE ARGUMENT FOR EFFORTS TOWARDS DETENTE, THERE IS OF COURSE THE FACT THAT THE ALTERNATIVE TO A POLICY OF DETENTE, IS ADDITIONAL ARMAMENTS WITH WAR AS THE FINAL OUTCOME. THEREFORE, WE ARE NOT NAIVE WHEN WE PARTICIPATE IN A POLICY OF DETENTE.

BUT THERE MIGHT PERHAPS BE REASON TO TELL OUR NEGOTIATING PARTNERS IN THE EAST THAT IF THEY EXPECT THROUGH NEGOTIATIONS ON DETENTE TO BE ABLE TO CREATE A ONESIDED WEAKENING OF WESTERN SECURITY WHICH WOULD JEOPARIDIZE THIS POLICY OF DETENTE, THEN THEY ARE WRONG.

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## Message Attributes

Automatic Decaptioning: X Capture Date: 01 JAN 1994 Channel Indicators: n/a

**Current Classification: UNCLASSIFIED** 

Concepts: TEXT, SPEECHES, DEFENSIVE CAPABILITIES, FOREIGN POLICY POSITION Control Number: n/a

Copy: SINGLE Draft Date: 12 NOV 1975 Decaption Date: 01 JAN 1960 Decaption Note: Disposition Action: n/a Disposition Approved on Date: Disposition Authority: n/a Disposition Case Number: n/a

Disposition Camment:
Disposition Date: 01 JAN 1960
Disposition Event:
Disposition History: n/a Disposition Reason: Disposition Remarks:

Document Number: 1975COPENH03331
Document Source: CORE
Document Unique ID: 00

Drafter: n/a Enclosure: n/a Executive Order: N/A Errors: N/A

Film Number: D750394-0573 From: COPENHAGEN Handling Restrictions: n/a

Image Path:

Legacy Key: link1975/newtext/t19751151/aaaabtpt.tel Line Count: 337

Locator: TEXT ON-LINE, ON MICROFILM Office: ACTION EUR Original Classification: UNCLASSIFIED Original Handling Restrictions: n/a Original Previous Classification: n/a Original Previous Handling Restrictions: n/a

Page Count: 7

Previous Channel Indicators: n/a
Previous Classification: n/a

Previous Handling Restrictions: n/a
Reference: 75 COPENHAGEN 3328
Review Action: RELEASED, APPROVED
Review Authority: ElyME

Review Comment: n/a Review Content Flags: Review Date: 19 AUG 2003

**Review Event:** 

Review Exemptions: n/a
Review History: RELEASED <19 AUG 2003 by chicheje>; APPROVED <27 FEB 2004 by ElyME>

**Review Markings:** 

Margaret P. Grafeld Declassified/Released US Department of State EO Systematic Review

06 JÚL 2006

**Review Media Identifier:** Review Referrals: n/a Review Release Date: n/a Review Release Event: n/a **Review Transfer Date:** Review Withdrawn Fields: n/a

Secure: OPEN Status: NATIVE Subject: n/a

TAGS: PFOR, OVIP, US, DA, NATO, (ANDERSEN, KNUD BORGE)
To: STATE

Markings: Margaret P. Grafeld Declassified/Released US Department of State EO Systematic Review 06 JUL 2006